

FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - SEPTEMBER, 2020

(On Wednesday 06th SEPTEMBER, 2020) **TIME: 9 AM to 12 PM**

MATHEMATICS

Which of the following points lies on the locus 1. of the foot of perpendicular drawn upon any

tangent to the ellipse, $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$ from any of

its foci?

- $(1) \left(-1, \sqrt{3}\right) \qquad (2) \left(-1, \sqrt{2}\right)$
- (3) $\left(-2,\sqrt{3}\right)$ (4) (1,2)

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

- 2. Two families with three members each and one family with four members are to be seated in a row. In how many ways can they be seated so that the same family members are not separated?
 - (1) 2!3!4!
- $(2) (3!)^3 . (4!)$
- $(3) (3!)^2 \cdot (4!)$
- $(4) 3!(4!)^3$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left(\frac{\int_{0}^{(x-1)^{2}} t \cos(t^{2}) dt}{(x-1)\sin(x-1)} \right)$$

- (1) does not exist
- (2) is equal to $\frac{1}{2}$
- (3) is equal to 1
- (4) is equal to $-\frac{1}{2}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

If {p} denotes the fractional part of the number 4.

p, then $\left\{\frac{3^{200}}{8}\right\}$, is equal to

- $(1) \frac{1}{8}$

- (3) $\frac{3}{8}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

The values of λ and μ for which the system of linear equations

$$x + y + z = 2$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 5$$

$$x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu$$

has infinitely many solutions are, respectively

- (1) 5 and 7
- (2) 6 and 8
- (3) 4 and 9
- (4) 5 and 8

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

- The area (in sq. units) of the region $A = \{(x,y)\}$ 6. $|x| + |y| \le 1, 2y^2 \ge |x|$ is:
 - $(1) \frac{1}{6}$
- $(3) \frac{7}{6}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

- 7. Out of 11 consecutive natural numbers if three numbers are selected at random (without repetition), then the probability that they are in A.P. with positive common difference, is:
 - $(1) \frac{15}{101}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

8. If $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - a) = n$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - a)^2 = na$, (n, a > 1)

then the standard deviation of n observations $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ is

- (1) $n\sqrt{a-1}$
- (2) $\sqrt{a-1}$
- (3) a 1
- (4) $\sqrt{n(a-1)}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- 9. Let L_1 be a tangent to the parabola $y^2 = 4(x + 1)$ and L_2 be a tangent to the parabola $y^2 = 8(x + 2)$ such that L_1 and L_2 intersect at right angles. Then L_1 and L_2 meet on the straight line:
 - (1) x + 3 = 0
- (2) x + 2y = 0
- (3) 2x + 1 = 0
- (4) x + 2 = 0

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

- 10. The negation of the Boolean expression $p \lor (\sim p \land q)$ is equivalent to:
 - $(1) \sim p \vee \sim q$
- $(2) \sim p \vee q$
- $(3) \sim p \wedge \sim q$
- (4) $p \wedge \sim q$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

11. If f(x + y) = f(x) f(y) and $\sum_{x=1}^{\infty} f(x) = 2, x, y \in \mathbb{N}$,

where N is the set of all natural numbers, then

the value of $\frac{f(4)}{f(2)}$ is

(1) $\frac{1}{9}$

(2) $\frac{4}{9}$

- (3) $\frac{1}{3}$
- $(4) \frac{2}{3}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

12. The general solution of the differential equation

$$\sqrt{1+x^2+y^2+x^2y^2} + xy\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$
 is:

(where C is a constant of integration)

(1)
$$\sqrt{1+y^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{2}\log_e\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}+1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}\right) + C$$

(2)
$$\sqrt{1+y^2} - \sqrt{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{2}\log_e\left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}+1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}\right) + C$$

(3)
$$\sqrt{1+y^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{2} \log_e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - 1}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + 1} \right) + C$$

(4)
$$\sqrt{1+y^2} - \sqrt{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{2} \log_e \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - 1}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + 1} \right) + C$$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

13. A ray of light coming from the point $(2,2\sqrt{3})$

is incident at an angle 30° on the line x=1 at the point A. The ray gets reflected on the line x = 1 and meets x-axis at the point B. Then, the line AB passes through the point:

(1)
$$\left(3, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$
 (2) $\left(3, -\sqrt{3}\right)$

(3)
$$\left(4, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$
 (4) $\left(4, -\sqrt{3}\right)$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)

- 14. Let a,b,c,d and p be any non zero distinct real numbers such that $(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)p^2 2(ab + bc + cd)p + (b^2 + c^2 + d^2) = 0$. Then:
 - (1) a,c,p are in G.P.
- (2) a,c,p are in A.P.
- (3) a,b,c,d are in G.P. (4) a,b,c,d are in A.P.

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

15. If $I_1 = \int_{0}^{1} (1 - x^{50})^{100} dx$ and $I_2 = \int_{0}^{1} (1 - x^{50})^{101} dx$

such that $I_2 = \alpha I_1$ then α equals to

- (1) $\frac{5050}{5051}$
- (2) $\frac{5050}{5049}$
- (3) $\frac{5049}{5050}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

- **16.** The position of a moving car at time t is given by $f(t) = at^2 + bt + c$, t > 0, where a, b and c are real numbers greater than 1. Then the average speed of the car over the time interval $[t_1,t_2]$ is attained at the point :
 - (1) $a(t_2 t_1) + b$ (2) $(t_2 t_1)/2$
 - (3) $2a(t_1 + t_2) + b$ (4) $(t_1 + t_2)/2$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

The region represented by 17.

> $\{z = x + iy \in C : |z| - Re(z) \le 1\}$ is also given by the inequality:

(1)
$$y^2 \ge x + 1$$

(1)
$$y^2 \ge x + 1$$
 (2) $y^2 \ge 2(x + 1)$

$$(3) y^2 \le x + \frac{1}{2}$$

(3)
$$y^2 \le x + \frac{1}{2}$$
 (4) $y^2 \le 2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

18. If α and β be two roots of the equation $x^2 - 64x + 256 = 0$.

Then the value of $\left(\frac{\alpha^3}{\beta^5}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}} + \left(\frac{\beta^3}{\alpha^5}\right)^{\frac{1}{8}}$ is

(1) 1

(2) 3

(3) 4

(4) 2

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

The shortest distance between the lines

$$\frac{x-1}{0} = \frac{y+1}{-1} = \frac{z}{1}$$
 and $x + y + z + 1 = 0$,

2x - y + z + 3 = 0 is:

- $(1) \frac{1}{2}$
- (2) 1
- (3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)

20. Let m and M be respectively the minimum and maximum values of

$$\begin{vmatrix} \cos^2 x & 1 + \sin^2 x & \sin 2x \\ 1 + \cos^2 x & \sin^2 x & \sin 2x \\ \cos^2 x & \sin^2 x & 1 + \sin 2x \end{vmatrix}.$$
 Then the

ordered pair (m,M) is equal to

- (1) (-3,-1)
- (2) (-4,-1)
- (3)(1,3)
- (4)(-3,3)

Official Ans. by NTA (1)

21. Let AD and BC be two vertical poles at A and B respectively on a horizontal ground. If AD = 8 m, BC = 11 m and AB = 10 m; thenthe distance (in meters) of a point M on AB from the point A such that $MD^2 + MC^2$ is minimum is_.

Official Ans. by NTA (5.00)

22. The angle of elevation of the top of a hill from a point on the horizontal plane passing through the foot of the hill is found to be 45°. After walking a distance of 80 meters towards the top, up a slope inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal plane, the angle of elevation of the top of the hill becomes 75°. Then the height of the hill (in meters) is_.

Official Ans. by NTA (80.00)

23. Set A has m elements and Set B has n elements. If the total number of subsets of A is 112 more than the total number of subsets of B, then the value of m.n is _.

Official Ans. by NTA (28.00)

24. If \vec{a} and \vec{b} are unit vectors, then the greatest value of $\sqrt{3} |\vec{a} + \vec{b}| + |\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$ is _.

Official Ans. by NTA (4.00)

25. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^5 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 5x^2 &, x < 0 \\ 0 &, x = 0 \\ x^5 \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \lambda x^2 &, x > 0 \end{cases}$$
 The value

of λ for which f''(0) exists, is _.

Official Ans. by NTA (5.00)